Otero Soil & Water Conservation District Report of Accomplishments

Mission — The Otero Soil and Water Conservation District promotes and facilitates effective stewardship of natural resources by providing leadership, educational, technical, and financial assistance to the citizens of Otero County.

Local Funding -

Otero County has provided the operational funds for our district since 1975. Each year Otero SWCD board members petition the Otero County Commissioners for this funding. This funding provides administrative support, office expenses to include a fiscal year audit, and base funding for the noxious weed control program. These funds are then used as leverage for federal funds to increase the scale of the local projects such as the noxious weed program. This year we had additional funds set aside to offer cost share to four local producers needing assistance with small conservation projects. Otero County Subdivision regulations require Otero SWCD to review and comment on Terrain Management Plans of proposed subdivisions. This year we completed one subdivision review.

Forest Restoration -

Otero SWCD has executed a Joint Powers Agreement with NM Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department to complete individual work plans. Ten work plans have been completed treating over 1,297.69 acres and totaling \$1,740,722.67. The following projects have been completed: Coleman Ranch, five Otero County Wildland Urban Interface Projects, Pine Springs Non-Federal Lands (NFL), Coleman Ranch Phase II, Timberon Block 2, High Rolls, and Karr Canyon NFL. The latest work plans approved include for another Otero County Wildland Urban Interface Project and the Two Goats and High Rolls NFL. These funds provide landscape-scale areas to mitigate the spread of a catastrophic wildfire. In 2020 we entered into a Memorandum of Agreement to complete projects through the NM State Land Office. The first project completed was located on the Circle Cross Ranch for 200 acres. In fiscal year 2021 we treated 179.362 acres through the Coleman NFL and 162 acres on the Circle Cross Watershed Health Project.

South Central Mountain RC&D plays a pivotal role in implementing these work plans. A contract for services between Otero SWCD & South-Central Mountain RC&D allows for the two agencies to share the workload and the administrative fees. The RC&D has the Rural Community Forester in place to perform the necessary field work. Otero SWCD (as an entity of state government) is the fiscal agent for all projects within Otero County.

Education & Outreach -

Interactive Mapping – We have expanded our website oteroswcd.org to include interactive mapping of our noxious weed program and to highlight our other projects with NM Tech and EMNRD. This tool allows the public to "see" where we work.

Otero SWCD owns a NM Mobile River Study Center (Rolling River Trailer). The **Rolling River** is a five by ten foot utility trailer with a six-inch deep trailer bed that is filled with sand (actually recycled plastic granules). A meandering river or two is scooped out running from one end to the other. Small figures of cows, horses, houses, a barn, corral and a parking lot with cars and farm equipment placed on top, form a simulated village. Trees, foliage and a few rocks line the riverbank. When water is turned on at the top of the watershed, it flows through the river and can be used to demonstrate a variety of water lessons.

Since 2009, we have partnered with the US Forest Service "Take It Outside NM!" (TIONM!) Program to fund opportunities to connect school children with the natural environment. Utilizing grants from the US Forest Service, National Park Foundation and the National Environmental Education foundation \$21,000 has been spent to pay for busses to transport elementary school students to White Sands National Park, local water festivals and various locations in the Lincoln National Forest. There is \$6,000 remaining to continue this project.

Educational booths were set up at the Otero County Fair, Earth Day Fair, 5th grade STEM night, and the cherry festival. The Otero County Extension office hosted a Weed and Brush Control Workshop in April. This workshop was sponsored by the Otero SWCD. We provided handouts for local weed identification/control and paid for the lunch. The participants received 5 continuing education credits from NMSU for their private applicators license renewals.

Noxious Weeds –

Otero SWCD continues to manage the noxious plant control program for the county. Technical assistance is provided, and herbicides are available to control noxious plants on agricultural lands. We survey the area identifying where noxious plants exist and either cost share herbicide or arrange for a commercial applicator to control these plants. Over 100 private landowners have participated in the program. Since 2007 the Bureau of Land Management has awarded us \$527,000 to treat noxious plants primarily on BLM administered lands in Otero County. Otero SWCD was contracted to treat 497 acres of African rue on county rights-of-way in conjunction with treatments on Otero County properties and BLM lands. A new \$270,000 award will treat 2,000 acres of BLM lands for invasive plants on BLM lands with the potential to be renewed annually for five years. Working with NM Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department we have treated private lands in the Sacramento Mountains for noxious plants such as Musk thistle in 2022 and again in 2023. Utilizing our memorandum of agreement with the NM State Land Office we were able to treat 60 acres of African rue at the Tuli Motocross.

Species	Treated acres	Monitored acres	Inventoried acres
African Rue - Spring 2022	804	690	15540
African Rue - Fall 2021	647	697	742
Musk Thistle	495	755	5747
Russian Knapweed	125	50	300
Malta Starthistle	43	10	60
	2114	2202	22389

Watershed Information -

The Sacramento Mountains are the principal source of the water which sustains communities, agriculture, and industry over a significant portion of the state, including the Lower Pecos River, and the Tularosa and Salt Basins. In addition to the communities which are located in the Mountains, cities such as Alamogordo, Roswell, Artesia and Carlsbad depend on water which originates as rain and snowfall in the mountains. Understanding how the Sacramento Mountains function as a hydro-geologic unit is critical to make informed judgments concerning how the functioning of these watersheds can be optimized.

NM Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources has competed the following studies to address this issue:

2012 Southern Sacramento Mountains Hydrogeology Study

2014 Northeastern Tularosa Basin Regional Hydrogeology Study

2014 Hydrologic Investigation at White Sands National Monument

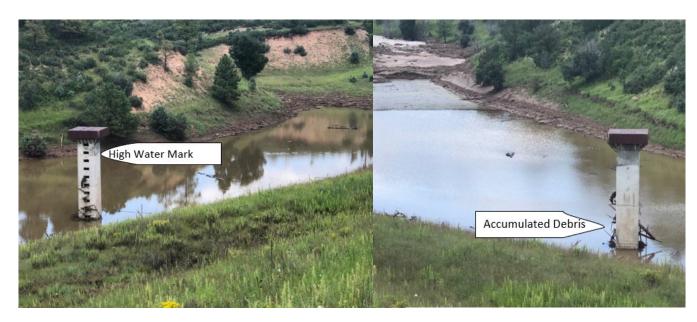
2015 Sacramento Mountains Watershed Study

2016 Brackish Water Assessment in the Eastern Tularosa Basin

These reports are available at the NM Tech website http://geoinfo.nmt.edu/resources/water/amp/publications/home.html or the Otero SWCD website: http://oteroswcd.org/index files/Page754.html.

Watershed Dams -

Following the floods in 1941, 1951, 1954 and 1955, Otero SWCD sponsored construction of the Upper Penasco Watershed Project, which included constructing three floodwater-retarding dams. These dams were completed in 1960 and the program life of these structures is complete. Part of the districts responsibility as the sponsor is to carry out an annual maintenance check on each of the structures. This year's monsoon season took its toll on the dams. These photos show how high the water level was on Curtis Canyon Dam during a severe storm in September of 2021. There is an RV park and other resources that would have been washed away had this dam failed. We are currently working on options to clean out these structures.



Watershed Health -

The Sacramento Mountain Watersheds are suffering from different levels of landscape degradation. This type of erosion is weakening the ability of the soils to store water. When the water runs rapidly through the soils they lose their structure, causing tunnel erosion. Eventually the soil collapses and gullies form. We have completed two projects funded by the Soil and Water Conservation Commission in the Sacramento Mountains to begin addressing this issue.

Farm Bill Implementation –

NRCS – Alamogordo had another successful year getting conservation practices on the ground in Otero County. Producers in Otero County completed 43 conservation practices and the Field Office paid out over \$501,274 for the fiscal year in Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) cost share contract dollars. Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP) payments totaled \$1,322,740. Six new EQIP contracts were awarded this year along with 3 new CSP contracts.

Brush Management in acres:

Aerial – 3063, Mechanical – 331

Fence in feet -24,022

Prescribed Grazing in acres – 169,016

Water:

Livestock Pipeline – 7,834 feet

Storage Tanks -4 for 20,000 gallons, Troughs -5 for 3,750 gallons

Solar Pumping Plants – 2, Well - 2